CAPSULE SUMMARY CT - 1095

The privately-owned D. O. Bowen barn is located just north of Prince Frederick. This 32 x 30 foot structure is quite unusual. Large hewn tier poles served to hang tobacco and to support the structure, and there is no evidence for cross-sills or interior poles ever having been used. Construction techniques and materials include hewn timbers, fully mature machine cut nails, original horizontal siding (replaced c. 1935), and a triangular false plate.

The cross-axial plan is served by double doors on the east and west sides, and a four foot door on the north side. An empty post mortise in the south end plate suggest an original door along that wall. This barn contains the only example of "barn art" - a carving of three log canoes (with full sails)in one of the tier poles.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE __yes __no

Magi No.

1. Nan	ne (indicate pre	ferred name)		
historic				
and/or common	D.O. Bowen Barn			
2. Loc	ation			
street & numbe	m.F. Bowen Road			_ not for publication
city, town	Prince Frederick	vicinity of	congressional district	
state	MD	county	Calvert	
3. Clas	ssification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status	Present Use X agriculture Commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owr	ner of Proper	ty (give names a	nd mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name	D.O. Bowen			
street & number	, 820 Monroe		telephone no	.: 263-6506
city, town	Annapolis	state	and zip code MD 21	401
5. Loc	ation of Lega	l Description	on	
courthouse, reg	istry of deeds, etc. Calve	rt County Court	house	liber
street & number	Main S	treet (MD 765)		folio
city, town	Prince Frede	rick_	state	MD
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing	Historical Surve	ys
itle				
date			federal state	county local
pository for s	urvey records			
elty, town			state	
				

Condition		Check one	Check one	. 4	
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	^ original s	site	
X good	ruins	X altered	moved	date of move	
fair	unexposed				

Survey No. CT-1095

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

See Attachment.

7. Description

8. Si	ign	ificance	Survey No. CT-109	75
1700~	1499 1599 1699 1799 1899	archeology-historic agriculture architecture art	community planning landscape architecture conservation law economics literature military engineering music exploration/settlement philosophy industry politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific d	dates	/55/5	Builder/Architect	
	ar Appli		BCDBCDEFG nationalstatelocal	
Prepare :	both	a summary paragraph o	f significance and a general statement of	history and

10. Geographi	ical Data		
Acreage of nominated property	ederick, MD	rences	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
Zone Easting No.	orthing	B Zone	Easting Northing
C		D	
Verbal boundary description	and justification		
List all states and counties f	or properties over	rlapping state or co	ounty boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Prep	ared By		
Tora L. I	Williamsen-Be	erry	
c/o Calvert county H organization Dept. of Pla	Historic Distanting and Z	trict Commiss oning d	ion ate June 30, 1990
Courthouse street & number Prince F	noderick	te	elephone 535-1600
	Lenelick		

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

7. DESCRIPTION CT-1095

The D.O. Bowen barn is associated with the old Bowen farm, and is located on the south side of M.F. Bowen road, approximately one mile from its intersection with highway 4. The barn is a thirty-two by thirty foot unusual structure dating to the early nineteenth century. The timbers are hewn, and fully mature machine cut nails are visible. The siding was horizontal and is now vertical. The plan is cross-axial and has double doors on the east and west sides. There is a four foot wide door on the north side. There is circumstantial evidence of a four-foot wide door on the south side, indicated by the empty post mortise in the remaining original top plate.

The heavy timber frame of the barn is supported on field stone piers and concrete blocks. The sills are hand hewn and measure eight by twelve inches. The posts are six by eight inches, hand hewn and joined via mortise and tenon with trunnels. A few of the posts are circular sawn replacements. The down braces are hand hewn and pit sawn and measure six by eight inches. The horizontal nailing rails are re-used two by four inch hewn and pit sawn timbers. They were originally the studs of the barn, prior to the removal of the horizontal siding and its replacement with vertical siding. Wire nails attach the re-used studs in their current positions, indicating that the change from horizontal to vertical siding took place sometime after 1880. Fully mature machine cut nails remain in the studs from the time period when these had horizontal siding nailed to them. There are mortises in the top plate and sill where these studs were previously extant.

The exterior is covered with vertical siding. There are hinged ventilation doors on all sides. The east and west side have ten each, and there are four on the north and south sides. The south side has a vent door in the eave. The exterior siding is held down with battens where the vent doors are not extant. The sills are closed off with circular sawn boards nailed beneath the sill that extend to the ground. The rafters are on two foot centers and rest on a triangular false plate. A standing seam metal roof replaces the original shingle roof (attested to by the shingle nailers The top plate is hand hewn except for the underneath the metal). north side, which is a replacement. The tie beams are lapped over the plate. The tier poles are unusually large pit sawn and hewn beams that measure three by seven inches. They are separated by thirty-seven inches vertical distance.

There is a carving of three log canoes on one of the internal tier pole timbers. This carving has been photographed. There is also evidence of wear on the lower three tier poled beams at the north end. According to Mr. William Bowen this wear is the result of the scraping of a tobacco prize handle across the timbers. The tobacco prize is no longer in the barn.

7. DESCRIPTION (CONT.) CT-1095

There is a fourteen foot wide addition to the south end of the barn built during the period when wire nails and circular sawn timbers were most frequently used. The frame is supported on concrete blocks. There is a ten foot wide set of double doors on the south side of this addition, that allow access into the barn. Some reused timbers are used. Nailers were added to the external posts of the barn in order to attach the addition. A stripping room was built in the southeast corner of the addition at a later date. This stripping room is partially underground. It is floored four feet above ground. The stripping room is constructed of a concrete block and timber frame.

8. SIGNIFICANCE CT-1095

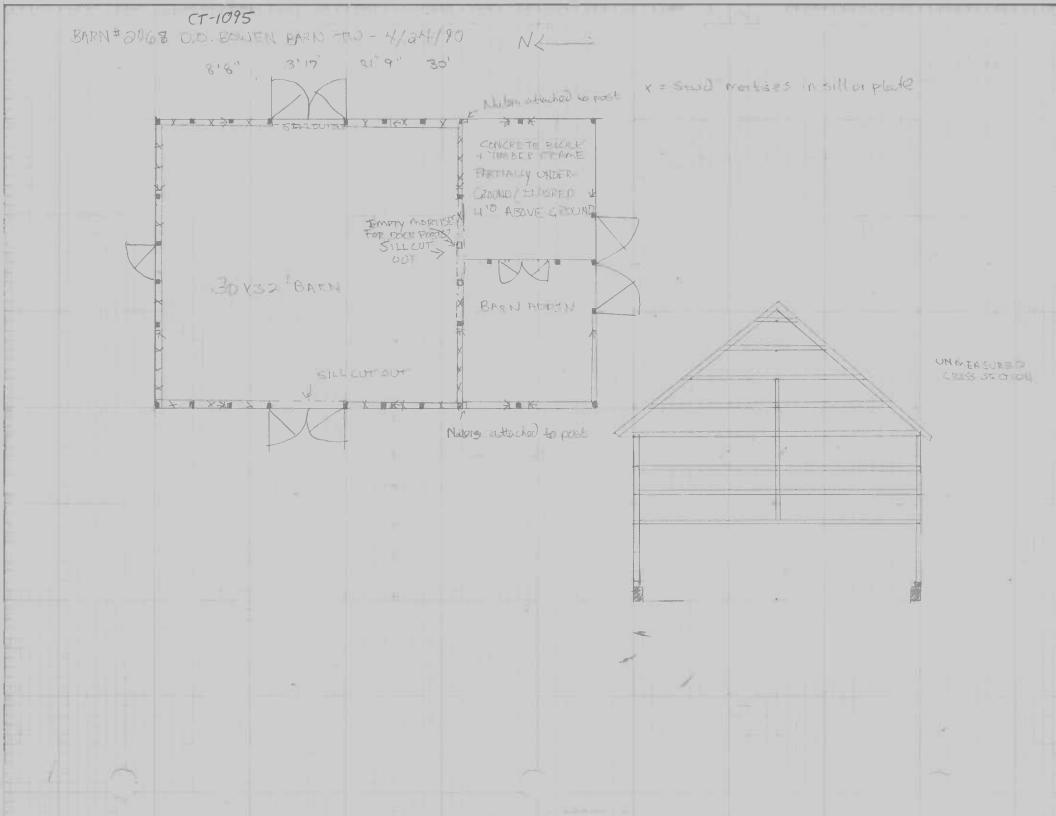
This barn is a significant representative of tobacco barns dating to the early nineteenth century in Calvert County. There are several elements in its construction that are unusual. The original barn was nearly square. It had no poles down the central axis, or any cross-sill, but rather, large hewn tier pole timbers served to hang the tobacco and to support the structure. This arrangement has not been seen in any other barn documented by this survey. Also of interest is the triangular false plate (not tilted), that may be indicative of an even earlier date for the barn. The carving in the tier pole/beams is interesting and is the only example of "barn art" found in this survey.

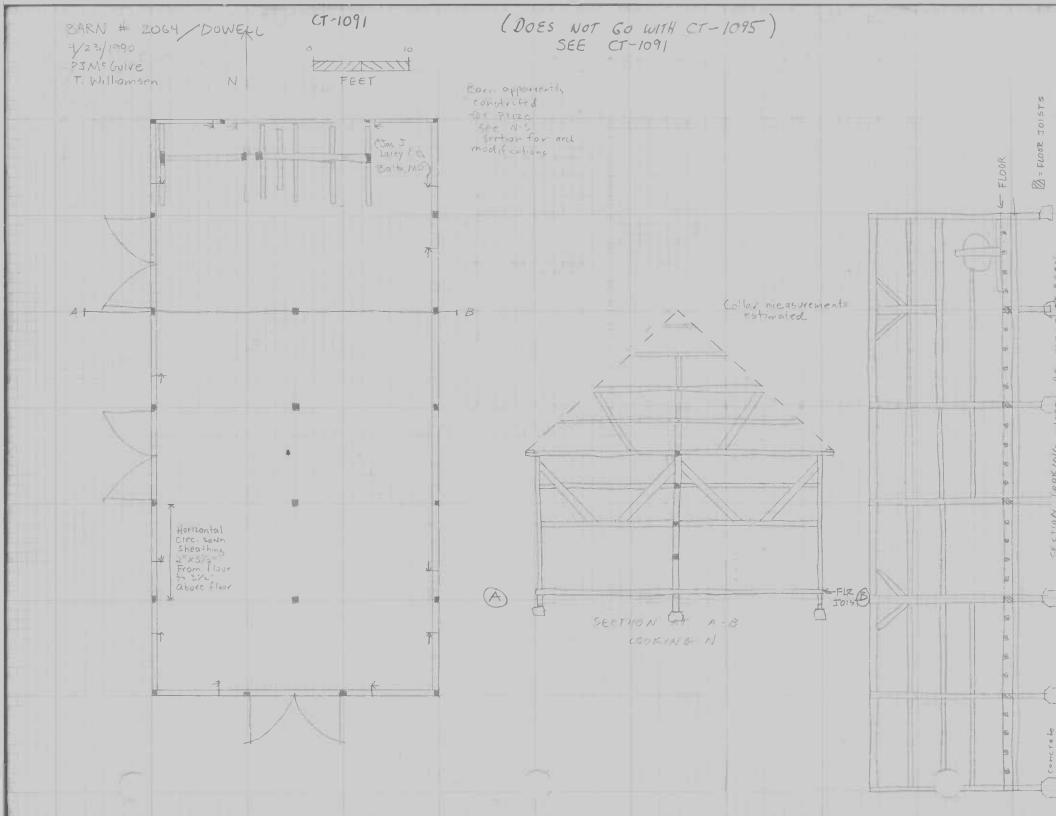
This barn also yields information regarding agricultural history in Southern Maryland. In February 1990, a tobacco barn survey was initiated in order to study the tobacco barns of Calvert County. Until fairly recently, tobacco was the most important farm crop of the county. More acreage was devoted to its cultivation than for both of the next most extensive farm products (corn and wheat). The barns and stripping houses related to this "Tobacco Culture" are widely recognized as the most common element on the rural landscape. These structures are also the most threatened, as the market for tobacco declines. They seem to have, at present, only limited capabilities for re-use. Many barns and stripping houses The purpose of this survey has been to gather now stand empty. information and document a wide sample of these structures before they disappear from the landscape.

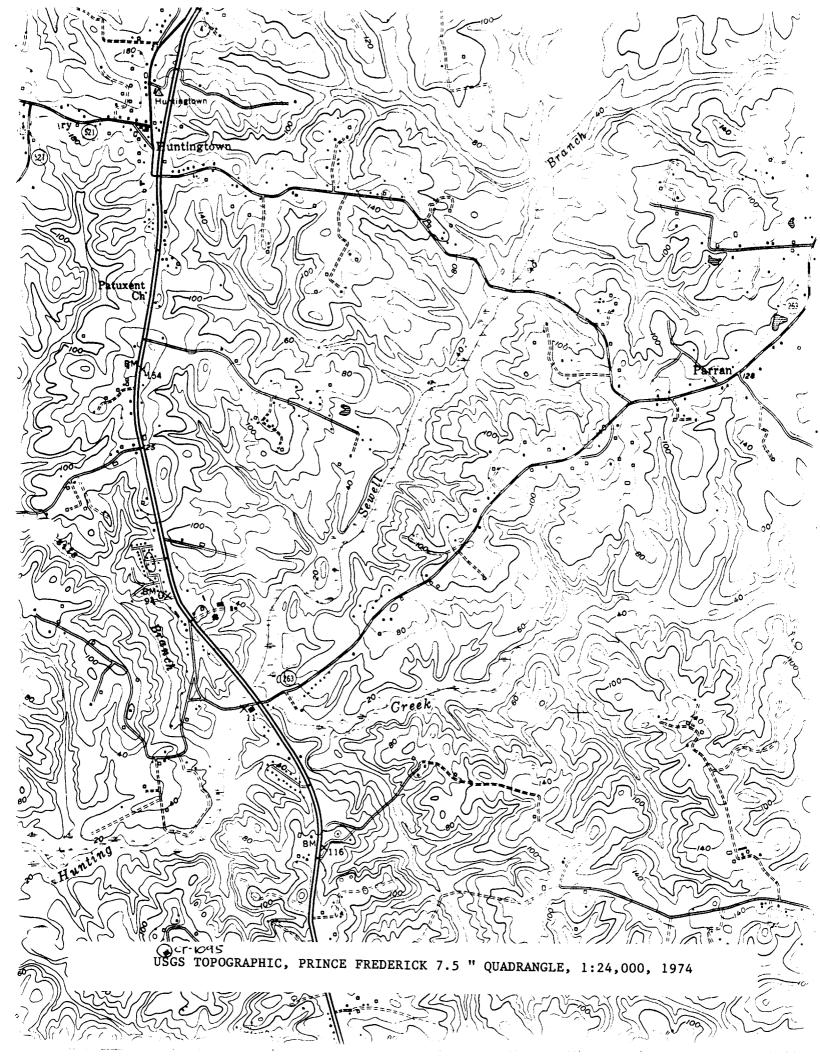
Historical Period theme(s): ca. 1830-; Tobacco; Agriculture Geographical Organization: Western Shore Chesapeake Bay Calvert Cty MD

Chronological/Developmental Period: 1830-Present Resource Type(s): Tobacco Barn

Mr. Billy Bowen, the previous owner, states that the barn was standing in 1882 when his grandfather William Bowen bought the land from the Mortons. When William Bowen was 12 or 13 (c. 1935), it had horizontal siding and a shed on the east side. At this time, it was straightened up and the addition was constructed. Vertical siding substituted for the horizontal because it was less expensive and more readily available. At this time, the studs were removed from their location and substituted for nailing rails.









CT - 1095 Prince Frederick VJEST